Cementation of an implant prosthesis is an accepted protocol. Less demanding surgical placement of the implant, simpler laboratory techniques, passive fit, esthetics, and control of the occlusion are among some of the advantages. However, disadvantages include unpredictable retention and resistance and the detrimental effect of cement flow into the soft tissues that can be difficult to remove. The soft tissue attachment onto the implant surface is more delicate than that seen at the natural tooth surface due to the lack of Sharpey fiber insertion, the reduced number of collagen fibers, and the direction in which these fibers run.

Cement extrusion into the sulcular area may result in soft tissue swelling, soreness, and bleeding or exudation on probing. In some instances, the excess cement has been considered to be the cause of implant failure. Removal of excess cement with plastic and metal scalers may result in scratches and gouges on the implant surfaces.

Control of cement volume has been documented previously using the ITI solid abutment (Straumann USA, Andover, Mass). This requires an implant analog or practice abutment, as described by the authors. When a custom abutment is to be used under the crown, this becomes more challenging. The dental laboratory may be instructed to make a duplicate analog using an acrylic resin, but this is time consuming for the technician and involves additional laboratory costs.

A method of controlling cement flow using a copy abutment with smaller dimensions, which can be quickly, easily, and economically fabricated at the time of implant abutment/crown insertion, is described. The use of polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) tape provides a space of approximately 50 µm, which represents the cement space and may be used for both custom and prefabricated abutments.

### PROCEDURE

1. Ensure fit of implant restoration and abutment complex.

2. Line the intaglio surface of the implant restoration with polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) tape, commonly known as Teflon tape, plumber’s tape, or TFE (tetrafluoroethylene) threaded seal tape (Oatey Co, Cleveland, Ohio).

3. Place the implant restoration

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**A**, Fill intaglio of restoration with VPS material using smaller diameter tip. **B**, Compare and contrast abutment to VPS copy; in particular, irregularities should be noted as additional cement should be added to compensate for voids.
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completely onto the abutment to facilitate the adaptation of the PTFE tape to the intaglio surface of the implant restoration.

4. Using a fast-setting vinyl polysiloxane (VPS) (Blu-Mousse SuperFast; Parkell, Inc, Edgewood, NY) and an applicator with a smaller diameter tip, completely fill the implant restoration and form a handle (Fig. 1, A).

5. Remove the VPS material along with the PTFE and compare the implant abutment to the VPS model; ensure that no voids are present and that the abutment finish line has been accurately duplicated (Fig. 1, B).

6. Use the luting agent of choice (TempoCem; DMG, Hamburg, Germany) and line the intaglio of the implant restoration, then place the crown onto the VPS model and wipe off the excess cement before the cement has exceeded its working time (Fig. 2).

7. Remove the crown from the VPS model (there will be a layer of residual cement on the VPS model), and add a thin layer of cement in the intaglio of the restoration. If any voids are present, add a small amount of extra luting agent to fill the voids.

8. Place the implant restoration onto the implant abutment intraorally. Note that there should be little or no excess cement.

REFERENCES


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